

A first-stage lithium-ion storage of ~235 mAh g -1 can be observed within the potential window of 2.7-1.4 V (Fig. 9a, b), which agrees with two lithium-ion storage on two C=N groups (step I).

The diverse and tunable surface and bulk chemistry of MXenes affords valuable and distinctive properties, which can be useful across many components of energy storage devices. MXenes offer diverse ...

As an important energy storage device, sodium ion battery is also one of the key development directions in the future of energy storage. ... Huang S, et al. Facile synthesis of ultrahigh-surface-area hollow carbon nanospheres for enhanced adsorption and energy storage[J]. Nature Communications, 2015, 6: 7221. [133] Li T, Zhang J, Li C, et al ...

Supercapacitors, also known as electrochemical capacitors, have emerged as promising energy storage devices due to their exceptional power delivery, long cycle life, and fast charge/dis ...

This study introduces an effective spatial nanoconfinement strategy for widely demanded high-precision ion separation, encouraging a carbon-negative technique with ...

Developing reliable and safe energy storage technologies is in increasing demand for portable electronics and automobile applications [1]. As one of the emerging secondary batteries, rechargeable aqueous zinc-ion batteries ... high adsorption energy to Zn (002) plane is provided by DMA additive, homogenizing fine-grained deposition manner and ...

Although significant progress has been achieved in developing high energy aqueous zinc ion hybrid super-capacitors (ZHSCs), the sluggish diffusion of zinc ion (Zn2+) and unsatisfactory cathodes still hinder their energy density and cycling life span. This work demonstrates the use of nitrogen-doped mesoporous carbon nanospheres (NMCSs) with ...

The layered structure facilitates electrolyte wetting and ion adsorption/desorption, while the stable stacking of layers effectively leverages double layer surface area to augment capacitance...

Particularly, such a cathode also leads to a quasi-solid-state device with satisfactory energy storage performance, delivering a remarkable energy density of 91.8 Wh kg -1. The boosted energy storage strategy by tuning the chemical adsorption capability is also applicable to other carbon materials.

Request PDF | Boosting Zn-Ion Energy Storage Capability of Hierarchically Porous Carbon by Promoting Chemical Adsorption | The construction of advanced Zn-ion hybrid supercapacitors (ZHSCs) with ...



The modulation of adsorption energy on the Li storage properties has been discussed. ... Folding graphene film yields high areal energy storage in lithium-ion batteries. ACS Nano, 12 (2018), pp. 1739-1746. Crossref View in Scopus Google Scholar [5] ...

The development of a high-performing pseudo-capacitor requires a comprehensive understanding of electrode materials from the aspects of electron transfer and electrolyte ion adsorption and diffusion. Herein, these factors are considered over the prototype TiO2, and a high pseudo-capacitance is achieved via the introduction of various defects, i.e., ...

Membranes with fast and selective ion transport are widely used for water purification and devices for energy conversion and storage including fuel cells, redox flow batteries and electrochemical ...

Asymmetric preferential ion adsorption is shown to lead to significantly enhanced energy storage close to the transition point for any pore sizes. For a given correlation strength, ...

Zinc-ion hybrid capacitors (ZHC) are promising new types of energy storage devices that combine many advantages of supercapacitors and batteries. However, the bottlenecks of low energy ...

The adsorption energy of Hexagon MXene Ti 3 C 2 heterojunction for a complete layer of potassium-ions only at v and g sites is negative, and the adsorption energy at v site is the lowest, reaching -1.8 eV. It shows that potassium-ion preferentially adsorbs at v site.

Emerging energy storage devices are vital approaches towards peak carbon dioxide emissions. Zinc-ion energy storage devices (ZESDs), including zinc ion capacitors and zinc ion batteries, are being intensely pursued due to their abundant resources, economic effectiveness, high safety, and environmental friendliness. Carbon materials play their ...

Aqueous batteries and supercapacitors are promising electrochemical energy storage systems (EESSs) due to their low cost, environmental friendliness, and high safety. ...

To meet the growing demand in energy, great efforts have been devoted to improving the performances of energy-storages. Graphene, a remarkable two-dimensional (2D) material, holds immense potential for improving energy-storage performance owing to its exceptional properties, such as a large-specific surface area, remarkable thermal conductivity, ...

The sodium adsorption energy on B-doped graphene was calculated to be 2.7 and 7.1 times of the intrinsic energy of N-doped graphene, respectively, via the first-principles density functional theory (DFT), indicating much more stable sodium storage on B-doped carbons. ... A sodium-ion capacitor (SIC) is an energy storage device consisting of a ...

The development of sorption-based thermal energy storage systems hinges on the synthesis of novel adsorbent



materials capable of high-water adsorption capacities and strengths, crucial for efficient heat storage through water desorption within the target temperature range of 373-573 K. Various porous materials have been explored as water adsorbents in this ...

Unique MOF properties for targeting specific challenges in energy storage devices. a Metal-ion batteries rely on host-guest interactions to store ions while ... Chemical adsorption of ...

Adsorption technology is crucial in many applications, such as water purification and heat transformation. The approach towards a zero-emission future leads to applying adsorption technologies as they are environment-friendly and driven by clean energy and low-grade heat [1, 2]. Owing to the influence of global warming and the growth of economies, ...

Study of single Li adsorption and diffusion barriers. Figure 1a and b illustrate the top and side view of a fully relaxed 2× 2 unit cell of ReS 2 with lattice parameters a = 6.42 Å b = 6.52 Å ...

Zinc ion capacitors (ZICs) hold great promise in large-scale energy storage by inheriting the superiorities of zinc ion batteries and supercapacitors. However, the mismatch of kinetics and capacity between a Zn anode and a capacitive-type cathode is still the Achilles" heel of this technology. Herein, porous carbons are fabricated by using tetra-alkali metal ...

Ion adsorption at solid-water interfaces is crucial for many electrochemical processes involving aqueous electrolytes including energy storage, electrochemical separations, and electrocatalysis. However, the impact of the hydronium (H3O+) and hydroxide (OH-) ions on the ion adsorption and surface charge distributions remains poorly understood. Many ...

Adsorption-based thermal energy storage (ATES) systems can potentially replace conventional heating technologies. This research explores the application of ATES systems for heating, focusing on the performance of various adsorbents using lumped parameter modeling. UiO-66, MOF-801, and their modified counterparts are evaluated alongside silica ...

For the gas adsorption system, there could be a paradox between the adsorption of target gas and water vapor. So, the adsorption behaviors of different working pairs; energy conservation and energy storage in the zeolite adsorption stage; and the heat and mass transfer properties of different zeolites and adsorbates have to be studied in-depth.

The energy storage and release processes of most MOF-based gels are reversible, and the energy loss remains small after repeated tests. Moreover, the energy storage and release processes of this new material are rapid, which greatly improves the ...

In recent years, there has been an increasing demand for electric vehicles and grid energy storage to reduce carbon dioxide emissions [1, 2]. Among all available energy storage devices, lithium-ion batteries have been



extensively studied due to their high theoretical specific capacity, low density, and low negative potential [3] spite significant achievements in lithium ...

Enhancing Ion Adsorption Capability through the Strong Interaction in Co 9 S 8-Carbon Hybrids Achieves Superior Sodium Ion Storage. Xinyi Ma, Xinyi Ma. ... the full cell device can deliver an outstanding energy density of 144.32 Wh kg -1 and a decent cycling life with 82 % capacity retention of almost 100 cycles at 0.1 A g -1. This work ...

The density functional theory calculation shows the narrow band gap (0.32 eV) and strong electronic interaction and hydroxyl-ion adsorption effect of NiCo 2 O 4 supported on NGA, resulting in superior specific capacitance and energy storage performance. The 3D nitrogen-doped graphene aerogel supporting 1D nanowire arrays represent a promising ...

Developing stable, high-performance chloride-ion storage electrodes is essential for energy storage and water purification application. Herein, a P, S co-doped porous hollow nanotube array, with a ...

Dynamics and energetics of ion adsorption at the interface between a pure ionic liquid and carbon ... into the intricate processes occurring at the molecular level within these energy storage devices. Due to their capability to obtain trajectories for large systems (>10,000 atoms) and

This combined theoretical and experimental approach holds the potential to drive the application of MOFs in catalysis, adsorption, energy storage, and other fields. ... (MOFs), serves as a positive electrode material for lithium-ion batteries, exhibiting good cycle life and rate performance. Despite its lower capacity of only 70 mAh/g, this ...

We focus on pure 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium bis (trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide in contact with planar carbon electrodes. We characterize the evolution of the ion orientation ...

While the B-O linker is advantageous, it also carries some shortcomings in the boronate-ester COFs. Because the B-O bond is liable to hydrolysis, the stability under ambient conditions as well as in the aqueous solution is a common concern for boronate-linked COFs. [] In this respect, considerable attention has been paid to improving the stability of boronate-linked COFs ...

A systematic ex situ characterization analysis coupled with in situ electrochemical quartz crystal microbalance tests reveal that the preeminent zinc ion storage properties are ...

Aqueous Zn-ion hybrid supercapacitors (ZHSCs) hold great potential as next-generation energy storage devices due to their low cost, excellent rate capability, long cycling life, and high safety. Heteroatom-doped hierarchical porous carbons (HD-HPCs) with integrated high specific surface area, multiscale pores, and abundant defects have been regarded as promising cathode ...



The quasi-rectangular curves demonstrate complex charge storage behavior, including the ion adsorption/desorption on the PZC-A750 cathode, and the redox reaction at the Zn anode ... Boosting Zn-ion energy storage capability of hierarchically porous carbon by promoting chemical adsorption. Adv. Mater., 31 (2019), p. 1904948.

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