

Are flexible ferroelectric films suitable for energy storage and electrocaloric refrigeration?

Flexible ferroelectric films with high polarization hold great promise for energy storage and electrocaloric (EC) refrigeration. Herein, we fabricate a lead-free Mn-modified $0.75 \text{ Bi}(\text{Mg}_{0.5} \text{Ti}_{0.5})\text{O}_3 - 0.25 \text{ BaTiO}_3$ (BMT-BTO) thin film based on a flexible mica substrate.

How can flexible ferroelectric thin films improve energy storage properties?

Moreover, the energy storage properties of flexible ferroelectric thin films can be further fine-tuned by adjusting bending angles and defect dipole concentrations, offering a versatile platform for control and performance optimization.

What is the energy storage density of ferroelectric film?

Meanwhile, a good energy storage density of $\sim 70.6 \text{ J cm}^{-3}$ and a quite high efficiency of $\sim 82\%$ are realized in the same ferroelectric film, accompanied by excellent stability of frequency and electric fatigue (500-10 kHz and 10^8 cycles). Furthermore, there is no apparent variation in performance under different bending strains.

What is the recoverable energy storage density of PZT ferroelectric films?

Through the integration of mechanical bending design and defect dipole engineering, the recoverable energy storage density of freestanding $\text{PbZr}_{0.52}\text{Ti}_{0.48}\text{O}_3$ (PZT) ferroelectric films has been significantly enhanced to 349.6 J cm^{-3} compared to 99.7 J cm^{-3} in the strain (defect)-free state, achieving an increase of $\sim 251\%$.

What are the characteristics of ferroelectric thin films?

Ferroelectric thin films exhibit tensile strain, strain gradient, and defect dipole states. b) The double-well potential of Landau free energy with the strain (defect)-free state (blue curve) and with strain and strain gradient engineering as well as defect engineering (red curve).

Which ferroelectric materials improve the energy storage density?

Taking PZT, which exhibits the most significant improvement among the four ferroelectric materials, as an example, the recoverable energy storage density has a remarkable enhancement with the gradual increase in defect dipole density and the strengthening of in-plane bending strain.

Understanding the dynamic behavior of domain structures is critical to the design and application of super-elastic freestanding ferroelectric thin films. Phase-field simulations represent a powerful tool for observing, exploring and revealing the domain-switching behavior and phase transitions in ferroelectric materials at the mesoscopic scale. This review ...

In this work, we propose a multiscale structure (including defect, domain, and grain structures) synergetic optimization strategy to optimize the polarization behavior and ...

Relaxor ferroelectric thin films, that demonstrate high energy storage performances due to their slim polarization-electric field hysteresis loops, have attracted extensive attentions in the application of miniaturized advanced pulsed power electronic systems. However, the ubiquitous defects induced in the thin films, for example, due to the volatilization ...

HfO₂-based antiferroelectric-like thin films are increasingly being considered for commercial devices. However, even with initial promise, the temperature sensitivity of electrical properties ...

Abstract The year of 2021 is the 100th anniversary of the first publication of ferroelectric behaviour in Rochelle salt, focussing on its piezoelectric properties. Over the past many decades, people witnessed a great impact of ferroelectricity on our everyday life, where numerous ferroelectric materials have been designed and developed to enable the ...

This study investigates the effects of hot-pressing temperatures on the dielectric, ferroelectric, and energy storage properties of solvent-casted Poly (vinylidene fluoride-trifluoroethylene) (PVDF-TrFE) films. The hot-pressing process enhances the crystallinity and alignment of polymer chains, directly affecting their electrical properties. The aim is to optimize ...

Notably, among the four ferroelectric materials, KNN exhibits the highest enhancement ratio in recoverable energy storage density, reaching up to 165%. Therefore, the introduction of defect dipoles proves to be an effective approach for significantly enhancing the energy storage performance of ferroelectric thin film systems across most ...

Our work provides a new idea for the preparation of antiferroelectric thin films with high energy storage density and efficiency by domain engineering modulation. Graphical abstract. Download: Download high-res ... Strain engineering of energy storage performance in relaxor ferroelectric thin film capacitors. Adv Theor Simul, 5 (2022), Article ...

Ferroelectric materials, because of their robust spontaneous electrical polarization, are widely used in various applications. Recent advances in modelling, synthesis and characterization ...

Ferroelectrics have great potential in the field of nonvolatile memory due to programmable polarization states by external electric field in nonvolatile manner. However, complementary metal oxide semiconductor compatibility and uniformity of ferroelectric performance after size scaling have always been two thorny issues hindering practical ...

Here, we obtained a new lead-free relaxor-ferroelectric Mn-doped 0.4BiFeO₃-0.6SrTiO₃ (BFSTO) thin film capacitor with an ultrahigh energy density of ~51 J cm⁻³, ...

AFE thin films are being introduced in the energy storage application sectors as they exhibit excellent energy

storage performance in their ceramic form [9], [10], [84], [122]. This mandates the importance of a deeper level of understanding of the energy storage performance of pure ANO and NNO materials in the thin film form.

Summary <p>This chapter presents a timely overall summary on the state& #x2010;of& #x2010;the& #x2010;art progress on electrical energy& #x2010;storage performance of inorganic dielectrics. It should be noted that, compared with bulk ceramics, dielectrics in thin and thick& #x2010;film form usually display excellent electric field endurance, ...

Ferroelectric thin film materials have been widely applied in a great many fields for their robust sponta- ... 3 thin films.^{33,34} The energy storage density (40 J cm³) and efficiency (80%) of the 5.6 mol% Si-doped HfO₂ thin films were main-tained over ...

Structural design optimizes the energy storage performance of various typical ferroelectric materials. a) Pz-Ez hysteresis loops for 5 nm thin films of BTO, BFO, KNN, and PZT under a range of ...

Here, the high-temperature fatigue characteristics of P-E loops after 10⁹ cycles and the corresponding energy-storage properties of BZT thin film (T_a = 600 °C) have been studied (a schematic ...

A new approach for epitaxial stabilisation of ferroelectric orthorhombic (o-) ZrO₂ films with negative piezoelectric coefficient in ~ 8nm thick films grown by ion-beam sputtering is demonstrated.

Fig. 2 provides the microstructures and root mean square roughness used to characterize the quality of the BNMT-x thin films. The root mean square cross-section roughness is 2.96, 1.97, 1.44, and 0.52 nm for x = 1.00, 1.08, 1.16, and 1.24, respectively. The average grain size of the film decreases, indicating the suppression of grain growth by excess Ti source.

Among currently available energy storage (ES) devices, dielectric capacitors are optimal systems owing to their having the highest power density, high operating voltages, and a long lifetime. Standard high-performance ferroelectric-based ES devices are formed of complex-composition perovskites and require precision, high-temperature thin-film fabrication. The discovery of ...

In the BSO₂ thin film, the FWHM of the 113 XRD peak is 0.27, which is slightly smaller than that of the BSO₁ thin film. This indicates that the grains of the BSO₂ thin film may be slightly larger than those of the BSO₁ thin film. Differently from the BSO₁ and BSO₂ thin films, the BSO₃ thin film exhibits 024 and 204 XRD peaks,

From the viewpoint of crystallography, an FE compound must adopt one of the ten polar point groups, that is, C₁, C_s, C₂, C_{2v}, C₃, C_{3v}, C₄, C_{4v}, C₆ and C_{6v}, out of the total 32 point groups. [] Considering the symmetry of all point groups, the belonging relationship classifies the dielectric materials, that is, ferroelectrics ? pyroelectrics ? piezoelectrics ? ...

Enhancement of Energy-Storage Density in PZT/PZO-Based Multilayer Ferroelectric Thin Films. August 2021; ... (1373 kV/cm) films. A recoverable energy-storage density of 21.1 J/cm³ was received in ...

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In this work, the dielectric, ferroelectric, energy storage, electrocaloric (EC), and pyroelectric properties of (Pb_{0.92}La_{0.08})(Zr_{0.55}Ti_{0.45})O₃ (PLZT) thin film (704 nm) are highlighted.

Thus, a thorough understanding of the implementation, optimization and limitations of ferroelectric, relaxor-ferroelectric, and anti-ferroelectric thin films in high-energy storage dielectric capacitors is an essential and important research topic for the incorporation of these materials in near future applications.

Compared with the energy-storage density reported in the literature at the same level of operation voltage, such as 14.8 J/cm³ at 1592 kV/cm for PLZT/PZO multilayers and 13 J/cm³ at 2400 kV/cm for PZT/Al₂O₃/PZT films, our energy-storage density is a little higher under a similar operational electric field; however, our maximum energy ...

As the CMOS compatibility of Pt is not high and Pt is expensive, other metal-doped thin film structures are reported. Wang et al. reported an Al (30 nm)/Sc_{0.32}Al_{0.68}N (45 nm)/Al (80 nm)/Sc_{0.20}Al_{0.80}N (85 nm)/Si thin film by sputter deposition. Its intersecting section SEM was shown in the Fig. 1(B). An atomically sharp interface at the intersection of the ...

1 Introduction. The ability to apply large strains in epitaxial thin films makes it possible to engineer emergent phases in materials with enhanced material properties that are inaccessible in their ...

Herein, we report eco-friendly BiFeO₃-modified Bi_{3.15}Nd_{0.85}Ti_{2.8}Zr_{0.2}O₁₂ (BNTZ) free-lead ferroelectric thin films for high-temperature capacitor applications that simultaneously possess high-energy storage density (W_{reco}), efficiency (i), ...

[1, 4-8] Recent studies focused on the enhancement of the energy-storage density of dielectric thin-film capacitors by using advanced materials and novel device architectures, [9, 10] employing also ferroelectric (FE), antiferroelectric (AFE), or relaxor-ferroelectric (RFE) materials.

The best BZT/BST multilayer device shows excellent energy storage properties, which to the best of our knowledge, outperforms any other lead-free thin film multilayer ferroelectric energy storage capacitor. It is believed that the results of this study will allow for further improvement of such devices. 5 Experimental Section

By introducing super tetragonal nanostructures into glassy ferroelectric with MPB composition, a giant energy

storage density of 786 J cm^{-3} with a high energy efficiency ...

Frustrated by reproducibility in electrical measurements on ferroelectric films, Lane Martin, Jon-Paul Maria and Darrell Schlom discuss tactics to reliably synthesize "good" ferroelectric ...

Antiferroelectric HZO films for energy storage was first reported by Park et al. in 2014, which showed a stored energy density of 45 J cm^{-3} and an efficiency of 51%. Later, Ali et al. showed antiferroelectric silicon-doped hafnium oxide with energy storage of 61.2 J cm^{-3} with 65% efficiency. [12]

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