

Three-dimensional (3D) printing techniques bring the possibility of making electronic devices in any desired shape and dimensions. Here, we report on a printable black phosphorous nanosheet/polypyrrole composite ink for constructing a high-performance supercapacitor (SC) electrode. The printed BPNS/PPy elect

Activated biomass-derived 3-dimensional porous graphene-like carbon for high-performance energy storage electrode materials. Author links open overlay ... Consequently, during the TW and CW carbonization at 550 °C biomass mostly consists of amorphous sp³/sp² carbon, which after chemical activation at 850 °C forms good-quality multilayers ...

chemical energy storage device, electrode materials as the major constituent are key factors in achieving high energy ... Fig. 1 An overview of three-dimensional ordered porous electrode

Three-dimensional graphene/metal-organic framework composites for electrochemical energy storage and conversion Y. Ren and Y. Xu, Chem. Commun., 2023, 59, 6475 DOI: 10.1039/D3CC01167D This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported Licence. You can use material from this article in other publications without ...

Latent heat based thermal energy storage (LHTES) using organic phase change materials (PCM) has the potential to support the system balancing energy generation, demand and supply, thus contributing to the carbon footprint management via achieving an improved overall efficiency. ... Three-dimensional (3D) images of the CFs were recorded with an ...

We report the design of a three-dimensional (3D) holey-graphene/niobia (Nb₂O₅) composite for ultrahigh-rate energy storage at practical levels of mass loading (>10 milligrams per square centimeter). The highly interconnected graphene network in the 3D architecture provides excellent electron transport properties, and its hierarchical porous ...

Recent progress has demonstrated that three-dimensional (3D) carbon nanomaterials are extremely promising candidates for the electrodes of electrochemical energy storage devices ...

Numerical analyses are performed to study thermo-chemical energy storage in a three-dimensional reaction bed. This study is aimed at investigating heat and mass transfer characteristics of a ...

Herein, we fabricated new PCMs with exceptional acoustic-thermal energy conversion and management ability. The principle is based on the acoustic-thermal conversion effects of GO 3D network structure, as well as the absorb/release heat energy behavior of phase change components, which is illustrated in Fig. 1. The GO

3D network structure was achieved ...

By contrast, three-dimensional (3D) printing techniques exhibit more practicability for offering a flexible, efficient, and economical maneuver to fabricate high-mass ...

Semantic Scholar extracted view of "A review of three-dimensional graphene-based materials: Synthesis and applications to energy conversion/storage and environment" by Ying-peng Wu et al. ... Green synthesis has grabbed appreciable attention to eliminate the negative effects associated with various chemical processes. Due to the unparalleled ...

Graphene is considered to generate other carbon-based nanostructures (CBNS) due to its variety of sizes and morphology. Graphene is sp^2 bonded single layer of carbon atoms arranged in a hexagonal packed lattice structure. It is widely used 2D CBNS due to its outstanding properties such as high carrier mobility at room temperature ($\sim 10,000 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ V}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$) [17], ...

Three-dimensional graphene (3DG)/metal-organic framework (MOF)-based composites have attracted more and more attention in the field of energy due to their unique hierarchical porous structure and properties. ... Electrochemical energy storage and conversion systems such as lithium-ion batteries (LIBs) and supercapacitors (SCs) have become one ...

Carbon-based metal-free electrocatalysts have been recognized as proper alternatives for the replacement of frequently used Pt in these devices. Carbon nanotubes-graphene (CNTs-G) hybrids are three-dimensional (3D) carbonaceous structures that have attracted researchers' interest in the last decade.

Keywords: 3D ordered porous carbon, energy storage and conversion, vertical channels, template-assisted methods, low tortuosity. Citation: Feng J, Zheng D, Gao X, Que W, Shi W, Liu W, Wu F and Cao X (2020) Three-Dimensional Ordered Porous Carbon for Energy Conversion and Storage Applications. Front. Energy Res. 8:210. doi: 10.3389/fenrg.2020.00210

Hence, in this work, we used Cu-BTC as a precursor and thioacetamide (TAA) as sulfur source to derive three-dimensional Cu 1.81 S@C by room temperature sulfurization and subsequent carbonization methods. Compared with hydrothermal method, the above sulfurization method is more environmentally friendly and simpler owing to avoiding high temperature and ...

Enhanced energy storage efficiency of an innovative three-dimensional nickel cobalt metal organic framework nanocubes with molybdenum disulfide electrode material as a battery-like supercapacitor ... In Fig. 1 b, the chemical interaction of metal ion immobilization plus metal sulfide on the surface of 3D-NCMOF@MS NCs is incorporated. The as ...

1. Introduction. Graphene, as a one-atom-thick layer carbon material, has high theoretical specific surface area

(SSA), high mechanical strength and flexibility, excellent electrical conductivity which makes it an ideal platform for energy storage applications [1], [2], [3]. However, due to the irreversible aggregation on account of the strong van der Waals interactions ...

The ZNG electrode displayed a small resistance, high capacitance of 336 F g^{-1} at 0.5 A g^{-1} in $1 \text{ M H}_2\text{SO}_4$, and high stability against Faradaic corrosion. More importantly, ...

Energy storage and conversion (ESC) devices with high efficiency, versatility, and adaptability have drawn growing attentions in pursuit of cheap, safe, low-carbon, and sustainable energy alternatives to fossil fuels. 1, 2 The development trend of ESC devices mainly involves three aspects: synthesis of nano-structured active materials, 3, 4 ...

Thermochemical heat storage (TCHS) technology offers a possible solution by capturing and storing energy from different sources such as solar, geothermal, and industrial waste heat for later use (Jiang et al., 2017, Li et al., 2009). Additionally, TCHS helps reduce carbon emissions and reliance on fossil fuels, promoting greater energy sustainability (Yu et al., 2013).

Reassuringly, COF material is a class of crystalline porous materials with two-dimensional topology formed by p-conjugated building units connected by covalent bonds [22] have a wide range of applications in the fields of gas adsorption [23], separation [24], non-homogeneous catalysts [25], energy storage materials [26], and biopharmaceutical delivery ...

Graphene is an indefinitely extended two-dimensional (2D) carbon crystal, in which carbon atoms are packed in a hexagonal lattice resembling a honeycomb with long-range p-conjugation [[1], [2], [3]]. With this unique structure, it shows numerous fascinating properties, such as related extra high carrier mobility [4], excellent mechanical strength and flexibility [5], ...

With the lack of some non-renewable energy and the increasing demand of social development for clean energy, people's requirements for electrochemical energy storage devices are gradually increasing [1] percapacitor has become a new type of energy storage device which attracts worldwide attention due to its advantages of fast charge and discharge ...

Continuous three-dimensional BaTiO_3 (3DBT) ceramic network was prepared by the sol-gel method using cleanroom wipers as the template. Subsequently, flexible 3DBT/polyvinyl alcohol-boron nitride nanosheets (PVA-BNNS) composite dielectric films were facilely fabricated by inversely introducing different BNNS concentrations of PVA-BNNS ...

A three-dimensional (3D) cellular MXene ($\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$) film is fabricated through the filtration assembly of MXene microgels and a subsequent freeze-casting process. Fully ...

Graphene and carbon nanotubes (CNTs) have been widely used as electrode materials for electrochemical energy storage devices (e.g., supercapacitors), but often result in limited performance because of their serious aggregation. To address the aforementioned crucial issue, herein, a three-dimensional seamless graphene/carbon nanotubes (G/CNTs) hybrid was ...

A three-dimensional (3D) cellular MXene ($\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$) film is fabricated through the filtration assembly of MXene microgels and a subsequent freeze-casting process. Fully exposed MXene nanosheets create a high-ion-accessible surface area, and the highly interconnected MXene networks facilitate ion transport, which enable the 3D cellular MXene film to acquire a ...

Numerical analyses are performed to study thermo-chemical energy storage in a three-dimensional reaction bed. This study is aimed at investigating heat and mass transfer characteristics of a rectangular shaped fixed reaction bed packed with $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2/\text{CaO}$ powders. A reversible reaction with endothermic decomposition of $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ and exothermic hydration of ...

Three-dimensional (3D) nanostructured conducting polymer hydrogels represent a group of high-performance electrochemical energy-storage materials. Here, we demonstrate a molecular self-assembly approach toward controlled synthesis of nanostructured polypyrrole (PPy) conducting hydrogels, which was "cross-linked" by a conjugated dopant molecule trypan ...

electrochemical energy storage devices. This review summarizes recent advancements in 3D ordered porous (3DOP) electrode materials and their unusual electrochemical properties ...

This review summarizes different dimensional carbon materials in various electrochemical energy storage applications, especially the effect of carbon dimensional ...

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