

Can a 3D titanium mesh interlayer be used as a spacer?

This implies that when used with a carbon-polymer negative electrode in the ZBB system, the 3D titanium mesh interlayer can provide active sites for reversible zinc deposition/stripping, and thus, can act as a spacer as well as an electroactive material.

Why should you use 3D Ti meshes in a catalytic reactor?

Furthermore, the mechanical strength of the 3D Ti meshes provides structural support to the catalytic reactor and the pattern of the meshes can be optimized to maximize the active surface area, while allowing fluid flow through the whole structure without significant fluid flow reduction.

What is a polymer mesh?

Typically, a polymer mesh is placed as a spacer between a carbon-polymer electrode and separator to provide an electrolyte pathway and retain dimensional stability in practical use of ZBBs.

What is a TNT layer in 3D Ti meshes and foils?

TNT layers on 3D Ti meshes and foils consisted of the anatase phase with the main peak at $2\theta = 25.4^\circ$; corresponding to the (101) orientation (ICDD: 00-021-1272). The visible Ti signals (ICDD: 04-005-7594) stem from the underlying Ti substrates.

What is the difference between Ti foil and 3D Ti mesh?

Thus, in general, no differences between the main anatase phases were recorded for the anodized Ti foil and 3D Ti mesh. In contrast, with a thermal oxide layer there was no signal of TiO_2 , as the oxide layer was very thin, and the X-rays penetrated through it.

Are NP-decorated Ti meshes better than nonanodized annealed Ti?

In the case of the NP-decorated Ti meshes, there were 3.2 times and 1.5 times enhancements for meshes with 857 and 1173 mm filament spacing, respectively, in comparison to the nonanodized annealed Ti meshes. Clearly, the performance of the NP-decorated Ti meshes was lower than that for the anodized Ti meshes with TNT layers.

Pack boriding with CeO_2 was performed on the powder metallurgical (PM) near- α type titanium alloy at a temperature of 1273-1373 K for 5-15 h followed by air cooling. The microstructure analysis showed that the boride layer on the surface of the alloy was mainly composed of a monolithic TiB_2 outer layer, inner whisker TiB and sub-micron sized flake-like ...

Addressing the low gravimetric energy density issue caused by the heavy grid mass and poor active material utilization, a titanium-based, sandwich-structured expanded ...

The key problems behind hydrogen-based RAPS and MPS are the efficiency and safety of hydrogen storage [17]. So far, hydrogen is generally stored as compressed gas with a low volumetric energy density [18]. Storing hydrogen in tanks under high pressure, typically ranging from 20 MPa to 100 MPa, can be hazardous [17], and, even if this issue can be ...

The long-term safety of pressure-resistant structures used in deep-sea equipment may be threatened by creep deformation. The creep deformation behavior of a pressure-resistant structure made of different titanium alloys, Ti-6Al-4V and Ti-4Al-2V, at room temperature is investigated in this research. The kinetics and mechanisms underlying creep ...

Ever-growing consumption of non-renewable fossil fuels and environmental contamination have prompted scientists to seek for the continuable and eco-benign energy storage & conversion devices such as water-splitting cells [1], secondary batteries [2] and supercapacitors [3]. As a promising candidate for future power supply, hydrogen energy has ...

The typical ultrafine lamellae coupled with defects (e.g., pores, lack-of-fusion, and residual powders) induce the poor fatigue properties of LDED-ed Ti6Al4V alloys [8]. Hot isostatic pressing is an effective method to eliminate defects and improve the fatigue properties, but most of the fatigue properties of LDED-ed components are still lower than forging standard ...

This chapter in this book will focus on the mechanical properties, including strength, toughness, and fatigue resistance, of titanium-based alloys and their significance in aerospace applications. It will discuss several types of titanium alloys and explore the unique characteristics of these alloys, such as high strength-to-weight ratio, corrosion resistance, and ...

Hydrogen storage is one of the critical barriers to the hydrogen-based clean energy supply chain. TiFe alloy is a prime candidate material for stationary hydrogen storage, which can play a critical role in the deployment of variable renewable energies. However, the understanding of the hydrogen storage properties of TiFe alloy and the development of ...

[Download Citation | In-situ Construction of CNTs Decorated Titanium Carbide on Ti Mesh Towards the Synergetic Improvement of Energy Storage Properties for Aqueous Zinc Ion Capacitors | The ...](#)

In order to solve the loosening problem caused by stress shielding of femoral stem prostheses in clinical practice, an optimization design method of a personalized porous titanium alloy femoral stem is proposed. According to the stress characteristics of the femur, the porous unit cell structures (TO-C, TO-T, TO-B) under three different loads of compression, ...

This study aimed to analyze the defects of large residual stress in laser additive manufacturing metal parts by establishing a milling numerical simulation of Ti6Al4V titanium alloy thin-walled parts based on the Johnson-Cook constitutive model of Ti6Al4V titanium alloy, a modified Coulomb friction stress model, the

physical chip separation criterion and other ...

Advanced Energy Materials is your prime applied energy journal for research providing solutions to today's global energy challenges. Abstract Water electrolysis is the key to a decarbonized energy system, as it enables the conversion and storage of renewably generated intermittent electricity in the form of hydrogen.

Full-stage prediction of discontinuous dynamic recrystallization of a titanium alloy through a sub-mesh internal state variables method ... The simulations use an energy storage rate Schedule that ...

The proposed 3D titanium mesh can provide additional active sites for zinc plating and uniform current distribution on the electrode surface for suppression of Zn dendrite ...

ABSTRACT The versatility and convenience of 3D printing can be used to produce tailored metal mesh electrodes, which offer a high volumetric area and good gas release properties for applications in electrochemical technology. In this work, a titanium mesh with 20 ppi triangular pores was designed and then manufactured by 3D printing. A thin coating of platinum with ...

In the present work, HA coatings were deposited on a medical titanium alloy implant with mesh geometry and a developed surface by detonation spraying. The feedstock powder was HA obtained by the dry mechanochemical method. Single-phase HA coatings were obtained. The coatings were formed not only on the surfaces normal to the particle flow ...

A titanium mesh flow field was, therefore, proposed to replace the traditional parallel channel structure. ... They found that the energy efficiency of the AM cell reached 86.48% at 2 A/cm² ...

This paper presents the testing methodology of specimens made of layers of titanium alloy Ti6Al4V in dynamic impact loading conditions. Tests were carried out using a drop-weight impact tower. The test methodology allowed us to record parameters as displacement or force. Based on recorded data, force and absorbed energy curves during plastic deformation ...

o High-power and -capacity thermal energy storage was demonstrated using Nickel Titanium. o 3The maximum power density is 0.848 W/cm², 2.03-3.21 times higher than standard approaches. o Module capacity was increased by 1.73-3.38 times.

Molten pool characteristics of a nickel-titanium shape memory alloy for directed energy deposition Shiming Gao¹, Yuncong Feng¹, Jianjian Wang², Mian Qin¹, O.P Bodunde¹, Wei-Hsin Liao^{1,*}, Ping Guo^{2,*}
¹Department of Mechanical and Automation Engineering, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, Hong Kong, China ²Department of Mechanical Engineering, Northwestern ...

Titanium alloys have emerged as the most successful metallic material to ever be applied in the field of biomedical engineering. This comprehensive review covers the history of titanium in medicine, the properties

of titanium and its alloys, the production technologies used to produce biomedical implants, and the most common uses for titanium and its alloys, ranging ...

The calculated activation energy of U-Ti alloys at parabolic stage is 89.46 kJ/mol in 50 % RH air and it is 91.62 kJ/mol in dry air, and that of pure uranium is 80.36 kJ/mol and 90.95 kJ/mol, respectively. The parabolic oxidation model of U-Ti alloys in dry air was verified by a storage experiment lasted for 4 years.

A Monkhorst-Pack mesh ... but also by the microstructure formed in iron-rich or titanium-rich intermetallic alloys. The enthalpy of formation for this last Fe-Ti-Al alloy is positive, proving that the alloy does not exist in the experience. ... Meziane, S. Promising prospects of aluminum alloys in the energy storage by DFT analysis. Eur. Phys ...

High-power and -capacity thermal energy storage was demonstrated using Nickel Titanium. The maximum power density is 0.848 W/cm³, 2.03-3.21 times higher than standard approaches. ...

Moreover, the study on texture of titanium alloys during hot deformation needs to be continued. Ti-6Al-3Nb-2Zr-1Mo alloy is a typical near a titanium alloy which has been recently developed by ...

Lead acid batteries suffer from low energy density and positive grid corrosion, which impede their wide-ranging application and development. In light of these challenges, the use of titanium metal and its alloys as potential alternative grid materials presents a promising solution due to their low density and exceptional corrosion resistance properties.

As a biomedical material, porous titanium alloy has gained widespread recognition and application within the field of orthopedics. Its remarkable biocompatibility, bioactivity, and mechanical properties establish it as a promising material for facilitating bone regeneration. A well-designed porous structure can lower the material's modulus while ...

There are several grades of Titanium. Grade 1 to Grade 4 are of pure Titanium, and the other grades are of alloys. Pure Titanium is used for its high corrosion resistance, and its alloys, for their extremely high strength to weight ratio.

This study demonstrated how to design an energy-storage metamaterials with enhanced mechanical properties and battery safety simultaneously via architecture manipulating. Also, ...

High-strength metastable β titanium alloys are promising structural materials to be used in aviation industries. In order to achieve a high strength level, solid solution treatment within β region and subsequent low-temperature aging are usually necessary to obtain fine α precipitates. The selection of the aging temperature is considered critical to the mechanical ...

Lead acid batteries suffer from low energy density and positive grid corrosion, which impede their

wide-ranging application and development. In light of these challenges, the ...

Titanium iron (TiFe) alloy is well-known as a useful hydrogen storage alloy due to its cyclic property, reversibility of absorption/desorption in normal conditions, and the low cost of raw materials [1], [2], [3], [4]. However, TiFe requires a quite severe activation treatment in order to improve its reactivity with hydrogen.

predicted defects in the titanium alloy casing matched well with the actual X-ray experimental results. For the components investigated in this paper, more numerical simulation results show that ...

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